of the War Finance
Division of the United States Treasury Department in Los
Angeles, and worked closely with applicant during the period
1942, through 1945. He stated applicant was a prominent
woman who had been appointed upon a recommendation made by
ELEANOR-ROOSEVELT, will of former President FRANKLIN D.
ROOSEVELT, to HENRY MORGANTHAU, Treasurer of the United States
at the time.

The "Birmingham News" for April 15, 1960 carried two stories mentioning Police Commissioner EUGENE CONNOR of Birmingham. The first story indicated that, Mr. CONNOR calls the above-mentioned articles by HARRISON E. SALISBURY "a cheap attempt to smear our city and state". The other article reported on a speech Commissioner CONNOR made at Selma, Alabama, on the night of April 14, 1960. In this speech, according to the "Birmingham News", Mr. CONNOR said that the Negro is seeking "black supremacy" rather than racial equality. This article further quoted Mr. CONNOR as saying, "I'll tell you right now, unless the South makes up its mind to stand up and fight this plague--and it is a plague--we are going to find Negroes who can't read and write again enforcing our laws. You may as well face it now--this is the way it will be if it is left up to Russia and those so-called Northern Domicolots such as ELEANOR ROOSEVELT. Negro Congressman ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, New York Senators JACOB JAVITS and KENNETH KEATING, MALTER REUTHER, and others".

It was noted that the Southern Conference Education Fund, Incorporated, listed as sponsor of the conference, and offices at 822 Perdido Street, Most Criens, Louisiana.

Mews Editor for Radio Station WGE, Atlanta, Georgia, made available a script reflecting a radio speech delivered by Dr. Rufus R. Clement, President of Atlanta University, and delivered over Radio Station RGE on April 28, 1953. Dr. Clement in his speech points out that he is delivering the speech in answer to a broadcast made by Pr. Joe Patrick on April 27, 1953 in which Mr. Patrick pointed out that Dr. Rufus E. Clement had allegedly belonged to the Southern Conference for Human Lelfarc, the Southern Megro Touth Congress, and the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born, according to the files of the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

Dr. Clement in his reply stated that ir. Patrick's comments in this regard were correct but added, "I should like categorically to state that I have never been a Communist or a fellow traveler, and that I am not now a Communist, a fellow traveler, or a subversive. Further. I challenge angulate state under oath that I am now or ever have been a Communist or fellow traveler."

Dr. Clement further stated "I have never denied membership in the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, the Southern Negro Youth Confress, or in the American Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born. I would, however, call attention to the fact that I was in these organizations at a time and during a period when many well-known, thoroughly loyal Americans, Negro and white, Northern and Southern, held nemberships therein. Included in the membership and supporters of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare were such illustrious and loyal men and women as Ars. Eleanor Roosevelt, wife of the President of the United States;

1.

and.

ro

DATE November 18, 1954

PROM

SUBJECT:

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION PROPOSED REPORT TO THE HOUSE POST OFFICE AND CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE DATED SEPTEMBER 17, 1954

On November 11, 1954, there was received from the Department a copy of the revised report prepared by the Civil Service Commission. The material received consisted of the following:

 A copy of the revised Volume 1 of the report (this is the basic report).

A copy of Appendices A and B to report (Appendix A consists of case examples and Appendix B consists of material supporting the report such as Executive Orders, Departmental Circulars, etc.).

3. A copy of Appendices A and B as originally prepared for the report.

The above material was returned to the Department by Bureau letter dated November 12, 1954. Three Photostats of it, however, were made for the Bureau's use.

140 -6436-28

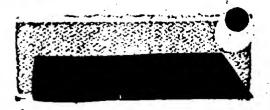
In a letter dated ingust 25, 1947, addressed to Commissioner Brew Eleanor Roosevelt being a Communist. I have met a few times and I have read same of his writings and I amnot see any justification for such allegations. It seems to me me are really witch-hunting and I have: been shocked by some of the newspaper stories recently where people are accused and condemned without mich chances selves in I know you feel as strongly as I de about justice and therefore I hope you will not mind Under date of September 11, 1947, my writing to you. replied to fire. Rosevelt in a letter Commissioner; case; and the policies and promission is processing such cases. She coodures of the Com traquest, she looked over the report stated that at inditiatithe charges were more serious than and the faste mod nore definite

4/13/56

·Q. You stated that you had attended a meeting of the American Youth Congress?

. 11

140-1150-35

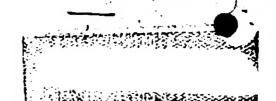


### DETAILS: (Cont'd)

- A. I think some weekend I made a trip to Washington, D.C., soon after I started working at Maidenform Brassiere Company when I was about 17 years old. Actually I went to see Washington. They had a couple of rallies that I went to.
- Q. How were you introduced to this organization?
- A. At the office they had quite a group that I got friendly with.
- Q. Do you recall any specific individuals?
- A. There were some others but these are the only names I can remember.
- Q. You went to Washington with them and they took you to a meeting?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Where was the meeting?
- A. One of the halls there. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT was there, I think.

  MARCANTONIO made a speech. He was a representative for New York.
- Q. What was the date of this meeting?
- A. I think it was about 1938 or 39.
- Q. Approximately how much time intervened between these meetings?
- A. It was a weekend, so I went to a few meetings during one weekend.
- Q. Approximately how many meetings?
- A. One real big meeting in a hall and then this speech.
- Q. What was discussed?
- A. I really don't remember. One of the things, they were against war at the time.
- Q. Who else was present in addition to the persons you named?
- A. That is about all I can remember.
- ·Q. Do you recall the aim or mission of the meeting or their function?





## DETAILS: (Cont'd)

- A. No, I don't. I guess it was more or less of a lark to me. I wasn't interested.
- Q. Was that the last contact you had with that organization?
- A. As far as I can remember.

A news clipping from the Chicago Tribune, 30 November 1939, showed Mrs. MOCSEVEIT defended the American Youth Congress before the Dies Committee in 1939. She stayed in favor of the group until 1941 when she refused to participate in their meeting because of their attitude on American Foreign Policy (Chicago Tribune & February 1941.).

The American Youth Congress was started in 1934 and controlled and built by the Young Communist League (

). In her 1949 memours to McCalls Magazine, Mrs. ROCSEVEIT said that she knew for a long time that the American Youth Congress followed the Communist line, but stayed with it to try to change their course.

10 E

propaganda na 42-A liew York, New York 868.11 This will acknowledge your letter of November 30, 1954 (CLAUS D-jf), transmitting Customs list of 1,935 percels and respective sucresses. The items addressed to the Library for Intercultural Studies, 53 Park Avenue, New York City; being Agriculture & Industry #194 on page 1 of the first series, Goudok #196 on page 5 of the second series, Ascical Worker #66 on page life second series, Pioneer Pravds #66 on page 13, second series, Soviet Culture #99 and Soviet Sport #93 and Vetchernyaya musaws #193 on page 16, second series, and also The Desceratic Garman Report #12, addressed to the Librarian, Carnagie Endowment for International Peace, U. H. Plaza and 4oth Street, New York City, may be delivered insofer as 39 CFR 36.5 is concerned. All other items listed in your letter may be treated as matter nonmailable under the said section. ec: FBI NOTATORDE 10 DEC 21 1954 100-365088-188

RUNDAZIAN BUTLUTTY 1160 6/20/51

In India

Erkonsevelt, Erde Park, HY

File reflects a letter dated September 10, 1936 to Mrs. ANNA ELEANOR ACCSEVELT; one dated September 21, 1936 from and one dated November 11, 1936 to

\* are about German-American aliens in the United States. The last letter mentioned his idea about the different politics in the United States.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF OFFICE

FBQ This was handed to me by a young man - Hearing a Rooseret Button - as a took his Ea seat in the Subway: at bity Hall. Hed. 9 July 31 st 19 40 \_ May be was a Russe with and confided that mere the best friends als and american Cityen
AUG 7 RECONT AITS I Thouse ve It

11-7559-8877

those father and insches
fraght in the Cine Has
to preserve this nation folyet Can't this misance by stopped? and there young comment be made to Respect the fews of this country? Sincerely NyCity

#### PROBLES BERTHE OF INTERPLETION

Report Lade at	Date When Lade	Period for	Report Made by
KNOXVILLE, TENNES	SEE 4-1-42	Which Lade 1-5,6:2-10;3-9,10 18-12	
Title CHIGHLANDER	FOLK SCHOOL		Character of Case
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	•		•
7:/	Che .		
5.	·		
	<b>,</b>		
REFERENCE:		. *	
DETAILS:	AT LON	TEAGLE, TENNESSEE	th
	<del>.</del> -	•	
	-2020		
-			
PARTIES .			

the biggest deposits coming from the following sources:

ROOSEVELT, New York City 100.00

It has been highly publicised in the Chattanooga papers and the fact verified by that the A. E. ROOSEVELT listed as a contributor of \$100 is ELECNOR ROOSEVELT, wife of the President.

-6-

MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT 211 EAST 6240 STREET NEW YORK 21, N. Y.

July 16, 1958.

Dear Mr. Hoover,

I received the enclosed letter and wonder whether you know anything of the writer's complaints. I shall be very grateful to you if you could let me have some information on this case.

With many thanks in advance and the hope not to cause undue trouble.

yours very sincerely,

Weaker Tookuelt
Eleanor Rose

July 23, 1958

PERSONAL

EX-139

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt 211 East 62ad Street New York 21. New York

My dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

Your note of July 16, 1958, enclosing the letter has been received.

In reply to your inquiry. I wish to advise that han freedahad to this Durant in the most information similar to that contained in her current letter. She has communicated on various occasions with the President, the Attorney General, other governmental officials and the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. She has also been interviewed by Epecial Agents of this Bureau.

The medical director of the Colorado Psychiatric - 5 Hospital, Denver, Colorado, has stated that he examined in 1951 and, based on the limited examination he could make at that ? at time, it was difficult to determine how serious her mental disorder was; however, he stated that he had concluded that she was suffering from a mental disorder known as schizophrenic paranoia.

Inasmuch as it may be of further use to you, I am returning letter.

Sincerely yours,

L\_Edgar Hoover NOTE: Because of derisive comments by Mrs. Roosevelt in the "Washington News" of 11/29/52 regarding contact by an FBI Agent, the Director noted "This 'character' is to never again be contacted by FBI inless f personally authorize it. "

Enclosure

ø 30 AN

MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT 211 EAST 6240 STREET NEW YORK 21, N. Y. ELEPIKE FOR ST

Allich T. Lender

July 29, 1958.

Dear Tr. Hoover,

May I thank you very much for your letter of July 23. I greatly appreciate your information and hope that my enquiry did not cause you any inconvenience.

wate wandood regardo,

yours very sincerely, Menn Foroseurs

**REC.** 80

62:98106-22

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK	NEW YORK	3/18/57	4,9;2/1,4,14,20,5	6;1/3, 28;3/6-
mul of case		REPORT MADE BY	1	TYPED BY
Bland Fallings		CHARACTER OF CASE		
1				

SYNOPSIS:

1//

Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT attendant at latter wedding. active in children's welfare organizations in NYC and resides
Subject and husband spend summers at Martha's Vineyard,
Massachusetts. on staff of "New York Post" and covers United Nations. Subject and husband continue to maintain close relationship with Mrs. ROOSEVELT, who is frequent visitor at their home.

In connection with the marriage of the subject to JOSEPH LASH, it is noted that the column, "The Lyons Den," written by LEONARD LYONS in the "New York Post" on November 8, 1944, carried an item as follows: "Eleanor Roosevelt will be matron of honor at the wedding of Trude Pratt and Sgt. Joe Lash, just back from Guadalcanal." It is noted that the full name of the widow of the late President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT is ANNA ELEANOR ROOSEVELT.

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- 2 -

## Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: December 17, 1946

SUBJECT:

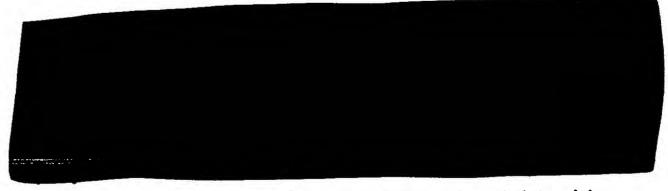
SAC VIASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION

envelope containing the letter bears a New York City postmark dated
December 4, 1946 and that the envelope is franked with the signature of ANNA
MINANOR ROOSEVELT.

FOR LAR, ACTION AND REPORT

Letter to the Director

December 17, 1946



as to whether or not his acknowledgement of this letter would be wise. He also indicated an interest in knowing how Wrs. ROOSEVELT's frank is available to persons in the Soviet Occupied Zone.



Encls.

## Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

DATE: 12-18-46

FROM

SUBJECT:

R

Attached is a letter from Washington Field to the Director dated December 17, 1946, which forwards the original communication to which bears no date, with a photograph of attached. This letter was posted in an envelope, also attached, addressed to

which is postmarked at New York, New York, December 4, 1946, 9:30 P.M., and bears the frank of Anna Eleanor Roosevelt. The name of the addressee on the letter is incorrect inasmuch as holds the position designated.

### ACTION:

It is respectfully requested that the Bureau Laboratory examine the letter and envelope above mentioned in order to determine the following facts:

- 1. The country of manufacture of the paper on which the letter is typed.
- 2. The make of typewriter on which the letter is typed.
- 3. The country in which the envelope was manufactured.
- 4. The make of typewriter used in addressing the envelope.

It is respectfully requested that the Laboratory give this matter expeditions attention and prepare a memorandum laboratory report, copies of which can be forwarded to Washington Field and to New York. See for 20010 Calif.

In the event the Laboratory has available any specimens of Lrs. Roosevelt's frank, it is requested that the frank on the envelope be compared with them.

Attactont

ST 31

100-348228 -

Life TMJ

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all l

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER



#D-60552 BE

# Nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Mashington, D. C. December 19; 1946

ice

MEMORANLUM LAPORATORY REPORT

Re:

The following evidence was received in the Laboratory for appropriate examination on December 19, 1946.

Ol An envelope bearing the typewritten address

COPTUSTED

marked "NEW YORK, N. Y. DEC 4 1946 9:30 PM", bearing frank signature of Anna Eleanor Roosevelt.

1962 Land

Specimen Ql was examined for the presence of a watermark or other identifying characteristics which would definitely indicate the manufacturer of this envelope; however, none was found. It is noted that Ql consists of a good quality of white bond paper which is similar to the quality of numerous envelopes manufactured in this country previously examined in the Laboratory.

100-348228-2

The printing "FREE" and the signature "Anna Eleanor Receive to have been made with a rubber stamp. A similar rubber stamp impression has

1 kill

D.

4.00

not previously come to the attention of the Laboratory and it is not known at this time whether this stamp impression represents the authentic frank of Mrs. Roosevelt.

## GOLORADO COLLEGE COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

February 8, 1948

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
The Federal Europu of Investigation
Lashington, J. U.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In these ti es I know you are very busy, but I do think it my duty as a citizer to call your attention to a couple of men in this state.

of this city, and a man by the name of the oublishes a weekly paper in Denver called The openious Company. I believe the Commentator is published by the midland fullishing Company---and + have reason to believe that is one of the financial backers.

## OPEN PARLIAMENT

To the Editor: At the present time a national how the reds, under cover, use representative of the undents for them among the youth to favor Democratic Action  $(S_{-}(X))$  is at the Marshall Plen, which the Reds the College, without the approval in the open oppose. or consent of the anthornties as It is such seed that the stufar as this writer knows. Said dents of CV han the ADA na-SDA representative is trying to tional representative from the olganize a chapter of the Cameri-campus, as they should have the cans for Democratic Action. Accorderation of the College additions for Democratic Action.

This national organizer for Sectional Actional Actions.

This national organizer for S-DA addressed a recent meeting of the Colorado College Student Union and stated that chapters are being formed at Wyoming university, Denver university and University of Colorado. The spearhead of this subversive move-iment at CC is one of the "social science" instructors of political science at CC, who is acting as do-ordinator for the CC chapter.
The National Student Association NSA was born about one war ago when 700 students from about 300 cellings met at the about 300 colleges met at the University of Chicago at the invitation of 25 American delegates to the World Student Congress. The World Student Congress was held in Prague the summer of 1916. The purpose of the Chicago conference was to discuss the grated under charges of being a Communist red fascist front had aj student movement been mobil-

lwith each other and undoubtedly There is a place in Colorado will be contirmed as being sub-Springs for an institution of learn-versive to the best interests of ing such as Colorado College, but our country and the college cam-there should be no place for puses. All of them being Leftist radical "social science" educators, fronts it is interesting to note

In September 1917 on the University of Wisconsin campus at Madison, Wis, another 700 delegates of NSA after holding forth for nine days hailed the birth of NSA their intellectual baby. The side temped attempts by commitmential student groups to win representation. Students 101 Democratic Action is a youth organization sponsored by the American Youth for Democracy (AYD) a Communist front and formerly known as the Young Communist League which was backed and controlled by the Red Fascist partv of the U.S.A. The A.Y.D. at that time was refused recognition by NSA and the SDA is the campus affiliate of the ADA which is sponsored by such as Anna Fleanor Roosevell, Charles formation of the National Stu-Anna Fleanor Roosevolt, Charles dent Association. Not since the little, Paul Porter, Wilson Wyatt, American Student Union disinted Leon Verderson, Herbert Chiman. Leon Verderson, Herbert Chman. and other New Dealers, Liberals and the Pice. The ADA in March, 1917, confemned the Truman adiministration order on Communists in government while barring, the day before, Communicts from A-.PA mombership.

Henderson, Herbert Lehman gud other New Dealers, Liberals and the like. The ADA in March, 3317. condemned the Truman admiretration order on Communists sin leguerate at white barrin, the day photore, Communists from ADA

mountership.

The SDA is a child of AVD. and the NSA is a child of the World Student Contress with the! topment's of being. Contamist Dingue to formatete plans for SDA, AVD and NSA. It is indicated that they are all fronts of a subversive nature and that ADA is strombonded by Left-BP. All of them (AYD, SDA, NSA and ADA) a conserver

## Aederal Bureau of Investigation

## United States Department of Justice

601 Richmond Trust Building Richmond, Virginia October 13, 1942

Director Federal Europu of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Re: SOUTHERN ELECTORIAL REFORM LEAGUE

Dear Sir:

I thought you would be interested to know that

was recently interviewed by agents of this office, at which time he stated in confidence that Mrs. EIEANOR ROOSEVELT 61,000 with which to finence the Couthern Electorial Reform League.

ere being set out, were obtained as a result of the trash coverses.

\*

of the office of of the Communist Party in the State of Virginia, located at
These recoveries were made on April 23, 1942. These letters were signed and and it is believed that these letters were directed to by

The third pertinent part of the shove described communications is being set forth as follows:

I understand that - who is behind the Electorial Reform League is having a big to do at the John Warshall High School this Saturday with Mrs. Emlenor (Eleanor) Roosevelt and as the main speakers,

#### "Rossiya"

Saturday, September 27, 1947

## How communist EISLER got his entry visa

E. ROOSEVELT'S letters read by R. STRIPLING, Chief Investigator of the Committee on Un-American Activities, in the presence of MESSERSCHMIUT, former Assistant Secretary of State.

-2-

INDECED - 23

Vol. 10 No. 1 January 1. ...

The H. W. Wilson Co., New York to

94-3-4-115-52

#### RHINE, J. B .- Continued

presupposing what he undertakes to prove," this critic, too, admired what he termed Rhine's warm and vivid narrative. The volume, which was a Book-of-the-Month-Club selection, became a nonfiction best seller and made ESP cards a commercial commodity and even resulted in a telepathic radio program. Proceeds from the cards helped defray expenses of experiments, while the book did much to attract a flow of endowments to Duke University's Parapsychological Laboratory. A further technical report, Extra-Sensory Perception After Sixty Years, the collaboration of Rhine and three of his assistants, appeared in 1940. The laboratory director has estimated "that at least one person in five has had some experience where his mind received knowledge through supernormal channels."

Since 1940, when Rhine became director of the Parapsychological Laboratory, the accent in the work of this research institution has been on psychokinesis. "In these PK experiments, which were carried out to discover whether the mind can directly influence the motion of material objects," Rhine has written, "we resorted to dice throwing." At first the dice were cast by hand, later from a cup. Finally, in 1943, an electrically driven cage was developed which, while evoking much facetious comment, did eliminate the possibility of tampering. "From the beginning," wrote the psychologist, "the PK scores tended to be above 'chance' and . . . as a result of hundreds of thousands of experimental trials we found it to be a fact that it [PK] . . . exerts an influence on matter which, though very slight and creatic, is still significant, and which is since ESP has been "found to function without limitation from time and space" and since "all that immortality means is freedom from the effects of space and time," the logical conclusion is that "there is at least some sort of technical survivial" after death. (The statements quoted are from The Reaches of the Mind, published in book form in 1947 and condensed in the Reacher's Digest for February 1948.)

Reviewing the work for the New York Sun, William McFee found himself "willing to wait for further news from the beyond." The critic for the Saturday Review of Literature declared that "as usual, Rhine writes calmly, but again the evidence he presents is so startling that it will be received by most people emotionally rather than rationally." The professor himself is convinced that, while science does not yet generally accept his evidence, "eventual acceptance is assured." He has said: "The reasons such evidence is not accepted at once by the scientists are, I think, more psychological than logical."

Professor Rhine, who is editor of the Journal of Parapsychology, is a trustee of the American Society for Psychical Research, a corresponding member of the parent society in London, and a member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, the American Psychological Association, and the Southern Society of Philosophy and Psychology. He be-

longs to the Phi Beta Kappa, Sigma Xi, Phi Sigma Phi, and Phi Lambda Upsilon fraternities. The Rhines have four children, Robert Eldon, Sara Louise, Elizabeth Ellen and Rosemary. In a Life "close-up," Francis Still Wickware has described Rhine as "resembling Abraham Lincoln in profile, Walter Huston in fullface." Tris Coffin, after watching him at a Washington lecture, wrote: "His eyes were very alive and set far, far back. His thick hair was almost all gray." The professor finds relaxation in listening to music.

References
Life 8:88+ Ap 15 '40 pors
Sat Rev Lit 16:40 O 9 '37
American Men of Science (1944)
International Who's Who, 1948
Rhine, J. B. Extra-Sensory Perception
(1934); New Frontiers of the Mind
(1937)
Who's Who in America, 1948-49

ROOSEVELT, (ANNA) ELEANOR (ro' z-velt) Oct. 11, 1884- United Nations official; writer

Address: b. c/o Commission on Human Rights, United Nations, New York; h. 29 Washington Sq. W., New York 11; Hyde Park, N.Y.

Note: This biography supersedes the article which appeared in Current Biography in 1940.

"At sixty-four, Anna Eleanor Roosevelt has become perhaps the best-known woman in the world." So wrote Time in October 1049 of Eleanor Roosevelt, who in April 1946 became constraint of the United Nations UNESCO Commission on Human Rights. Seven months after the death of her husband, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt ", she had been appointed a United States delegate to the U.N. in recognition of her own career in public service. Through her newspaper and magazine articles and her platform and radio talks her ideas have reached a world-wide audience.

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt was born to Elliott and Anna (Hall) Roosevelt in New York City on October 11, 1884. Theodore Roosevelt, the twenty-fifth President of the United States (1901-8), was her uncle. Both the Roosevelts and Halls were prominent socially, the first-named a wealthy family of Dutch descent, the latter of the same family as Philip Livingston, the English-descended signer of the Declaration of Independence. Eleanor's father was known as a sportsman and big game hunter, and her mother was a noted beauty of her day. When the child was eight, not long after the birth of her second brother (only Hall, the younger boy, lived to adult years), here mother died, and the little girl went to live with her maternal grandmother, Mrs. Valentine G. Hall. Elliott Roosevelt died a year and a half later. In her autobiography, This Is My Story, Eleanor Roosevelt tells of her childhood. Taught at home by tutors for the most part, she has written, "My real education did not begin until I went abroad at fifteen." Her years from ten to fifteen were

lonely ones, she reveals, since she had no companions of her own age, and consequently she read voraciously. In 1899 she was taken to England and placed in Allenswood, a school for girls. Remaining abroad for three years, she spent vacations in travel on the Continent. At the age of eighteen she returned to the United States to make her home with cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parish, Jr., and to be presented to society.

During the years before her marriage, Miss Roosevelt taught at the Rivington Street Settlement House. When she was nineteen, her fifth cousin, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, then a Harvard undergraduate, asked her to marry him; but in deference to the wishes of the young man's mother, the couple postponed their marriage for three years. On March 17, 1905, Eleanor and Franklin Roosevelt were married, that date being selected because President Theodore Roosevelt could then be in New York to give the bride away. At the time of the marriage the future President was a student at Columbia University Law School.

Mrs. Roosevelt remarks in her autobiography that during the early years of her marriage she was dependent on the elder Mrs. Roosevelt and on Mrs. Parish for advice—"I suppose I was fitting pretty well in the pattern of a fairly conventional, quiet, young, society matron," is Mrs. Roosevelt's own comment. In January 1911 her husband was elected a New York State Senator, the family—the Roosevelts had three children by this time—moved to Albany, and Mrs. Roosevelt received her first contact with politics and government. In April 1913 her husband was appointed assistant Secretary of the Navy in the Wilson Administration, and the Roosevelts went to Washington. Mrs. Roosevelt's days were taken up with paying and receiving calls, as was expected of the wife of a Government official. In 1920 she saw more of the political scene when her husband was candidate for the Vice-Presidency on the Democratic ticket, with Cox running for President against Harding.

After the defeat of the Democratic party in that election, Franklin Roosevelt entered the practice of law in New York. Mrs. Roosevelt took a course in shorthand and typing and accepted an invitation to join the board of the League of Women Voters. In 1921, her husband was stricken with infantile paralysis, and, acting on his physician's advice, Mrs. Roosevelt increased her political interests in order to rekindle her husband's interest in public affairs. Instead of serving on boards she began to take a more active part in organization work, joining the Women's Trade Union League and participating in the affairs of the State Democratic party. In 1924 she began four years' service as financial chairman of the women's division of the State party.

Together with Marion Dickerman, whom she had met through the W.T.U.L., Mrs. Roosevelt also founded the Val-Kill Furniture Shop, a nonprofit store and factory established in Hyde Park to give employment to disabled men. From that time on she was active in New York State politics and in social service.



Wide World Photos

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

(In 1926 she was the leading speaker in the Senatorial campaign for Robert F. Wagner W.) A year later, with Miss Dickerman and Nancy Cook, she bought the Todhunter School, a New York private school for girls; and acting as vice-principal, for six years she taught sociology, economics, and government. When, in 1928 her hurband was elected Covernor of New York State the commutad marking a she school from Albany, spending three days in New York and four at the Executive Mansion in the State capital. "The Roosevelts were now a political team," observed Ruby Black in Eleanor Roosevelt; A Biography. "Eleanor Roosevelt's intimate discussions of issues, policies, and plans." In charge of women's work in the Democratic party, Mrs. Roosevelt is credited by James Farley ", according to Miss Black, for the fact that in 1930, for the first time, upstate New York went Democratic. In 1932, when her husband was the Presidential candidate, Mrs. Roosevelt planned the extension of women's division to a nation-wide scale; "her name could not appear in this work," declared Miss Black, "but her advice and her planning and her 'sense of politics' were there."

On March 4, 1933, Franklin Delano Roose-velt was inaugurated as the thirty-second President of the United States, and Eleanor Roose-velt began her twelve years as First Lady. She sold her interest in the Val-Kill furniture factory and gave up the editorship she had assumed in June 1932 of a Macfadden publication, Babies, Just Bubies (her daughter, Anna, was her assistant during this brief connection). Bowing to protests, she also discontinued her appearance on a conumercial radio program.

In her first year at the White House, Mrs. Roosevelt began her press conferences, the first of their kind ever held by a First Lady, and attended only by women journalists. The

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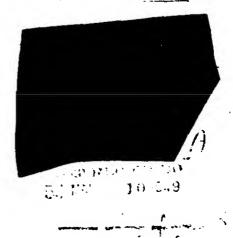
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If the Surface response of your response to the surface of the first way the present of the first way t On Su day a network (Matada as there so by the name of "in-certified the address of transcellary with radio reporters. I Cardinal S. Jansin, Commentators

ic such faction Monday in stating, control legals of martings, she char-Anna Par a lit on the Planton neterior I the trial as port of a land to be here expected property in the "so called purge trials" in the Say of Landa Doesn't Ama Horse-SNOV ROOSEVELT begin by school and societies as Waston states, that the trail of the Churchill has long since admitted

that she used a particular, dis- esting qualities. I recall to such concerted compriguous the part of Her system was to cite a boot the retver's to free Ton Mooney.] but the remark. The vactions among can not not me me or me many, but here, to ten. Be had been to a compression who rushed with the fit. B. I. been made to stood similar terror to speak up in bellique in the 1812 hours. However, half or the Scott-horo Love when the bloody bodies of order they were framed. And fon't if Althoroff Star He was for ed Strant Cold Anna Rubevell's ve-We could be not be be as entirition of earlies the extent. Thistice in Binhap of door and estimate

cerned with saving Cardie d Mindes scale, his campaign is the campaign to preserve the right of imi penalist intervention in the affairs of Hungary.



This is a clipping from rage\_\_\_\_of the Daily Worker

Date 1-6 49 Clipped at the Seat of 1 Government.

Office Memor

m · UNITED S

OVERNMENT

TO :

DATE: March 28, 1951

FROM

SUBJECT:

ANNA ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

Delegate - Employee

U. S. Mission to the United Nations

Department of State

New York City

LOTALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES-Gen).

MA

Reference is made to the memorandum from you to dated March 23, 1951, in the above-captioned matter. Attached to this memorandum was the loyalty form on Anna Eleanor Roosevelt, widow of the former President, in connection with her employment as a delegate with the U.S. Mission to the United Nations, Department of State. The Liaison Section was instructed to return this form to the State Department in view of the fact Mrs. Roosvelt has been working on this assignment since January 25, 1947.

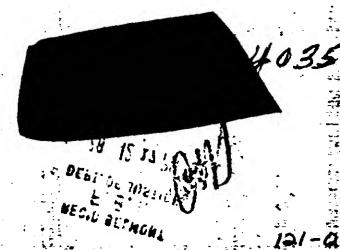
The Director's notation concerning the return of this loyalty form to the State Department is as follows: "Right. We are not going to be used within late date in such a way. E."

On March 27, 1951, and of the Liaison Section returned the loyalty form on Anna Eleanor Roosevelt to of the Security Division of the State Department with the statement that this form cannot be accepted by the Bureau for processing at this date in view of the fact that Mrs. Roosevelt has been working with the United Nations since early 1947.

ACTION:

For your information.





59APR 8 1851

## Office Memorandum . United States Government

TO

DATE: March 23, 1951

FROM

SUBJECT: ANNA ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

Delegate - Employee

U. S. Mission to the United Nations

Department of State

New York City

LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

#### PURPOSE:

To call your attention to the attached lovalty form on Eleanor Roosevelt, widow of the former President, received from the State Department in connection with her mission as U. S. Delegate to the United Nations. This form reflects that Mrs. Roosevelt has been employed by the Department of State in this capacity since January 25, 1947. The form itself bears date of April 27, 1950. It was not submitted to the Bureau until March 20, 1951.

#### STATUS:

A check of Bureau indices reflects approximately fourteen hundred references on Mrs. Roosevelt though she has never been the subject of an independent Eureau investigation. To process this form would require a search and review of these references necessitating the preparation of a long memorandum which could be submitted to the Attorney General for his opinion as to the action he desires to be taken in connection with this form.

In view of the fact that Mrs. Roosevelt has been employed since January 25, 1947, and the submission of the loyalty form to the Eureau has been delayed until March 20, 1951, it is believed that the Bureau would be justified in returning the form to the State Department through liaison channels with the statement that in view of the delay of submission of the form from January 25, 1947, until March 20, 1951, the Eureau does not feel that the form can be accepted for processing at this date.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

That the loyalty form of Mrs. Roosevelt be returned to the State Department by Isalson and the State Department be informed that in view of the fact that Mrs. Roosevelt has been working since January 25, 1947, the form cannot be accepted for processing at this date.

RECORDED - 161

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Washington 25, D. C.
November 3, 1958

BERYOZKA FOLK BALLET

Among those who had accepted invitations to attend were the following:

The following individuals declined invitations to the performance, according to

\$.

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt Widow of the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt Residence: Hyde Park, New York.

# Office Memo, indum . United STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

DATE: Earch 21, 1952

FROM :

40453

SUBJECT:

300K REVIEW
"U. S. A. CONFIDENTIAL"
by Jack lait and Lee Nortimer.

Jack Lait and Lee Of the Lew York Pirror; Cortimer is a columnist.)

The authors of "Y. S. A. Confidential" attempt to dig into crime in the United States, especially as it relates to the Syndicate. In doing so they credge up and serve a very reagable but unsavory mess of fact, gossip, and rumor.

A comprehensive review of the book is attached.

Ging-Past and Present." The Roosevelt family is discussed. The former president's alleged attempt to quash the movie industry extortion case is disclosed.

R

Fac. 31 ...

In a review of New York, the authors dwell on the woes which have befallen us in a score of years. Roosevelt, i.rs. Roosevelt, La Guardia, Ed Flynn, Harry Hopkins, are discussed. La Guardia's alleged connections with Costello are covered. (Page 303)

94-42546-28

### THE LOWDOWN ON THE BIG TOWNS

(Confidential!)

#### 6. NEW YORK CONFIDENTIAL -ACT II

.E, embattled and betrayed, still stands our last citadel of zation.

ew York, the wonder of the world, is beset with self-seeking pers and their grubby, grabbing adherents, their eleemosynary ons and their missionaries of malcontent. But it has weathered and storm and remains our one surviving fortress of post-ropoid existence. It contains the remnants of our art, culture, ation, theatre and elegant living.

he same social termite elements that toppled San Francisco New Orleans from their gracious cosmopolitan witcheries gnawed at New York, but it is too big for them and it is ded on granite.

have been heavy, but New York has not yet struck its colors. It has been heavy, because it draws the talent, the brains, ut and the energy of the fading world.

any, for centuries the emblem of our misrule, yet always to for growth and progress in feeding its own grafting avarice, a coma of disrepute and desuctude. Our principal officials conpartisan, which means they must grovel before the desert-stragglers of all parties. Twenty years of Rooseveltism has ed us with the noxious virus of vote-catching ordere that detized the olfactory perception which was an American gift ell preservation. We are bedeviled by labor, racial and class

the rest of us. All this has befallen us in a score of years.

It was not so until the reflex vibrations of the Great Panie icocheted and drove the timid and the terrified to cover. They came out, hands up, to sell their souls for immediate pottage. A golden-tongued sorcerer fed it to the weaklings. And the American spirit of game battle was drowned in it.

That was, aptly, the period of the fall of Mayor Jimmy Walker, who became a sacrificial goat because he was the symbol of the city-of-light. Sure, Jimmy played along with the lads under the sign of the Tiger. Sure, he signed anything placed before him, for his nights were long and his days were short. Sure, grateful characters shoved bonds down in his pocket. Sure. But he was New York. He was urbane, scintillant, fastidious, epicurean; his latest quip was a laugh for the millions; his latest peccadillo was a wink and a grin for them; spokesman for the metropolis, he drew cheers and tears from them. Our Jimmy he was. Our Jimmy in the hockshops, in the club-houses and in the cathedrals. He loved the burg and he scorned blue-noses and the apostles of living by bread alone. He went for sports and beauty and music and champigne and carnival.

He was our last, lost dream.

Thereupon, after a year of transition (McKee and O'Brien) the revolution of the polyglot proletariat took over with the strident, greasy and pharisaical Little Flower, La Guardia. He assumed office on January 1, 1934. Only twenty-six days earlier, the Great Experiment had come to an end.

Never before or since, in the memory of living man, was the metropolis so wide open. Though the legal liquor closing hour was and is 4 A.M., no effort was made to shutter anything that stood right with the cops, City Hall, or, strangely enough, Tammany, though Fiorello was elected as a Tiger-killer.

Harlem had one of the greatest booms of its existence. During Pronibition no one had bothered Negro speaks if they bought their liquor from "Dutch" Schultz, whose booze domain extended there from the Bronx. By 1934, the colored inhabitants had reached such proportions that, voting in a bloc, they could well turn a city election. Though La Guardia had beaten (on a religious Issue) Joseph V. McKee, the hand-picked candidate of R sesevelt and Ed Flynn, the blue-veined FDR quickly took the getter idol into his fold—the alliance having been promoted by Heaner, who, with Mrs. Perkins, Harry Hopkins and the rest of

the settlement-house bunch, was an old slum-coddling companion of Fiorello's. He had her undercover support during his campaign, which showed professional Democrats—including FDR—that she was the Boss Tweed of the party.

The Roosevelts and La Guardia set about to take the Negroes, traditional Lincoln Republicans, into the fold. La Guardia not only set up the rule that no Negro was to be arrested for anything—but that police patrolling Harlem could not carry night sticks.

(That special pandering to colored oriminals is still with us. While these pages were being typed, the polic: commissioner, on the representation of Negro groups, withdrew half the mounted police stationed in Harlem and promised to take the rest out soon. Horse-cops are a common sight all over midtown. New York where they are not only welcome, but considered by citizens one of the labels of our city. But colored leaders said they frightened Negroes, made them think of cossacks)

(The reason Harlem wants no mounted cops is simple. Foot patrolmen refuse to work there, except in pairs; even then they goldbrick and remain in the precinct houses [with approval of higher-ups] because their lives aren't safe. Motor zed cops aren't much better off, because to be effective in breaking up riots or making pinches they must get out of their cars. B it mounties are dreams for this kind of work. Educated police horses can go wherever a man can go. They can charge into sidewalk crowds, pursue fugitives up alleys, etc. And the man on the horse always has control of the situation.)

So Harlem became the big town's first nightly feed Mecca after Repeal. Your authors remember trips to smoke-filled cabarets that did not open their doors until after 4 A.M., and ran until noon or as late as a chump could take it. Police as swere parked outside of brightly lighted clubs which were defying all the codes. One of the best known at the time was Dickey Wills, in a cellar, patronized by the theatrical elite. Dickey is deal now, but he recently got some posthumous fame in the trial of Tallulah Bankhead's ex-maid, when she testified that Dickey sold dope for her former mistress.

Everyone liked Wells, though he was known even in the thirties as a junk pusher. He sold it openly in his cafe. And Fiorello's flat-feet took payoffs, most of which went up along the line.

NEW YORK CONFIDENTIAL—ACT II run by Julie Volcil, who was a Costello boy the knew it. But La G let it roll though its factor. Another midtown law-breaker was Da Room on 54th Street, ten feet from Broadway of a building owned by the late Big Bill Dwy leggers. Dwyer's offices were right above it. dough for the deadfall and La Guardia's min couldn't shut, couldn't shake.

Down in the Village Jimmy Kelly's fame and it still is. Kelly is dead now, a great loss life, and his assigns close promptly at the leg an Italian, was a Tammany district leader an all during the reign of La Guardia, who promany's scourge, he was allowed to go all night oobey the law only when a Democrat came is

It was at this time that the nucleus of the syndicate was being conceived in New York left Prohibition behind with billions; now the new enterprises and investments. LaGuardia bitter enemy of gangsters, but under his protent encouragement the Mob was allowed to group the Great Crime Cartel.

Before 1932, crime was local. Save for Chica gangs were subservient to older, non-Italian of acted as torpedoes.

LaGuardia was elected in 1953; he officiate tello is no subsequent creation of the past six mob had cleaned up all opposition by the la rub-out of "Dutch" Schultz, who was the last Prohibition kings still active. All this happened was orating every Sunday on the radio about horns out"—meaning Costello and Erickson with Costello every Thursday night in the bay 46th Street spaghetti house. The broadcasts a licized arrests of big shots (always discharged in window-dressing and kept LaGuardia in official during which the city was taken over by the united to the control of the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the united to the city was taken over by the city was taken over by

Parts of Harlem and Fast Harlem were s

# 28. WASHINGTON CONFIDENTIAL (ACT II)

#### A. The White House Gang-Past and Present

his omnipotent consort, Queen Eleanor, it has been considered unsportsmanlike, un-American and unethical to pan the Administration. The heir apparent (too apparent), Harry the Little, punishes iese majeste with dirty letters and toilet-wall words. We are prepared for the Tower.

We got pretty friendly with the former royal family. Our newspaper beats frequently take us to the ginmills. That's where most Roosevelt princelings play. The dowager goes in through the back door. We frequently ran into her at day-time chorus rehearsals in the old Paradise night club, one of gangster "Chink" Sherman's enterprises. Eleanor was interested in the career of a

protégé, a cute teen-ager from the Pennsylvania mines.

The Broadway crowd had contributed to the elevation of her brood. The late President was elected Governor of New York with the support of numbers-sellers, dope-peddlers, bookies, "Dutch" Schultz and Jimmy Hines. Hines remained a member of the FDR braintrust until Dewey sent him to the pokey. In 1932, Hines and Frank Costello shared a suite at Chicago's Drake Hotel, where they helped in the convention fight which resulted in FDR's presidential nomination. In return, Roosevelt gave the boys immunity.

Saratoga ran wide open in the Roosevelt and Lehman—"my good right arm"—days as Governors. There were no pari-mutuels then. Gambling at the track was illegal. But bookmakers operated openly with their names over stalls, provided for them unlawfully by the racing associations. Lehman had a box at Saratoga. We frequently saw him at the races. We know he knew the law

was being violated.

The two-way tie-up with the underworld worked both ways. James (Jimmy Got It) Roosevelt was in the juke-box business, in partnership with the Mills Novelty Company, manufacturers of Frank Costello's slot-machines. Anna Roosevelt borrowed some of

WASHINGTON the bankroll to Ward, millionair,

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friend Marcante
Junior ran for out of his distri-

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royal family. Our newsills. That's where most r goes in through the at day-time chorus rete of gangster "Chink" sted in the career of a vania mines.

to the elevation of her overnor of New York ope peddlers, bookies, remained a member of to the pokey. In 1932, Chicago's Drake Hotel, ght which resulted in n, Roosevelt gave the

elt and Lehman—"my were no pari-mutuels t bookmakers operated ided for them unlawhad a box at Saratoga. thow he knew the law

ld worked both ways, c juke-box business, in ny, manufacturers of yelt borrowed some of WASHINGTON CONFIDENTIAL

331

the bankroll to start her newspaper in Phoenix from Charles Ward, millionaire ex-convict. She stiffed him.

Young Frank's former law-partner, Charles Poletti, could tell plenty about the underworld tie-up between Costello and his friend Marcantonio, if he were asked and if he'd talk. When Junior ran for Congress, an intermediary asked Costello to keep out of his district until after election. Costello complied.

Elliot's unsavory business associations would fill this book.

Jimmy, oldest of the boys, was first to cash in on the good thing. It seems so long ago that he got that \$500,000 a year for selling insurance to government contractors. It was. And he and his mother are still getting it. In the late thirties Jimmy amplified his insurance income by dabbling in the movie business. That's when he made a deal with the Costello boys to put out juke-box films. He also produced a couple of feature-length pictures on the West Coast with dough put up by Joe Schenck. Sometime thereafter Schenck wove himself into a strange web of intrigue and conspiracy involving shakedown payments to officials in Capone-dominated movie unions. After Westbrook Pegler and Arthur Ungar, late editor of Daily Variety, exposed the deal, Uncle Sam could no longer sidestep prosecution.

A conference was held in the President's office, attended by the Treasury agents who had made the case, the Attorney General and the U.S. Attorney from the district in which the trial was to take place. Roosevelt was advised of the circumstances and reminded that Schenck had lent \$50,000 to Eleanor for Jimmy's movie deal. Roosevelt was asked, "What shall we do, Mr. President?" He replied, "I'd just as soon have you forget it."

The prosecutor said, "If you order me to lay off, I must. But in that case I will submit my resignation tomorrow and tell the newspapers I failed to prosecute Schenck and the gangsters because you wouldn't let me."

The prosecution went forward. Schenck, the unfortunate victim elected to take the fall for the industry, went into a prison hospital, then back to civilian life. And the real criminals were secretly paroled before their terms expired.

And did anyone point out that Charles Daggett, who refused to answer whether he was a Communist, was Jimmy Roosevelt's ghost writer in the last campaign?

Which brings us to the drug-store cowboy from Kansas City and the grafters, grifters, poker-players, bourbon-drinkers and influence-peddlers who comprise the present White House Gang.

Concerning the Oregon Committee of Roosevelt Democrats the Oregon Journal of April 7, 1948 and the Oregonian of April 8 referred to a release of statements by Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT, JCHE ROOSEVELT, and ANEA ROOSEVELT BOETTIGER protesting the use of FRANKLIN DELANO-ROOSEVELT's name in association with third party movements in Oregon. In this article NORA HITCHIAN MORE, Chairman of the Committee of Roosevelt Democrats, claimed that this group has no connection with HENRY A. WALLACE and the Third Party. The Oregonian article of April 8 credited NORA HITCHIAN MORE with claiming that the Oregon Committee of Roosevelt Democrats is a committee composed of Democratic members of the Americans for Democratic Action, the Progressive Citizens of America, and persons not connected with either group, formed for the purpose of instilling some confidence in Democrats that a vigorous, intelligent, and honest campaign would be conducted by the group, pursuing principles advocated by FARRILIN DELANO ROOSEVELT.

Mrn. Franklin 1) Roosevel The Park Sheraton Hotel 202 Fifty Sixth Street West New York 19, N. Y.

May 26, 1952

Dear ir. Hoover:

Will you please look into this

man's situation?

The Workers! Alliance was not all Communist and that should be re-examined.

Very sincerely yours,

Fleanor Roosevelt

MANA CONTER 1/11/5/11/5

June 4, 1952

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt
The Park Sheraton Hotel
202 Fifty Sixth Street West
New York 19, New York

My dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

30

Four letter dated May 26, 1952, and the enclosed communication forwarded to you by have been received and I fully appreciate the spirit which motivated you to communicate with me.

An examination of communication discloses it is of interest to the Atomic Energy Commission and, therefore, I have taken the liberty of forwarding copies of his letter to that Agency.

As you are were, this Bureau is solely afact-finding agency and its jurisdiction does not extend to the granting of clearances or disapprovals of individuals under any circumstances.

I am returning herewith the original communication prepared by for the completion of your files.

Sincerely yours,

#### NOTE ON YELLOW ONLY:

Correspondent's file indicates that by memorandum dated 5/28/51 the Bureau instructed that the name of Mrs.

Roosevelt be added to the list of individuals not to be contacted unless compelling reasons dictated otherwise. This action was taken in view of her expressed antagonism toward the Bureau. In view thereof, the usual cordial closing paragraph is being omitted. Previous correspondence has been directed to this individual as "Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt."

rom Special Agent in Charge,

MYFile No. R-1-General.

THIS CASE	ORIGINATED AT	ow	York, T.Y.

JOURNAL TO BE MADE AT ORIGINATING OFFICE ONLY

REPORT MADE AT:	DATE WHEN MADE:	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE:	REPORT MADE BY:	
New York, F. Y.	Feb.15,1924	Feb.15,1924	-	

TITLE AND CHARACTER OF CASE:

RD: AURICAN FRACE AWARD: General Investigation.

At Mer York, M. Y.

The other number used

by the AUERICAN STACE ANAPD, namely, Murray Mill 4278 was contracted for and signed for by IRS. ANNA ROOSEVELT. This is presumably IRS. FRANKLIY D. ROOFE-VILT as "Who's Who" indicates that FRATEGIE D. TOOTEVELT married ATTA ELEATOR 1.00 RODGEVELL of New York on March 17,1905.

FEB 2 3 1924 OT WRITE IN THESE SPACES RECORDED & INDEXE

COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO:

2/5/24 Washington 3; New York 2:

RECORDED - 51 INDEXED - 57

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt 202 Fifty-sixth Street, West New York 19, New York

Ly dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

With respect to your note of February 10, 1953, and its enclosure, I note that the back page of this sheet indicates it is put on by the Christian Nationalist Crusses in St. Louis, Wissouri, which organization allegedly is promoted by

I feel certain you are aware of his past activities.

As the FBI is strictly an investigative is agency, I have taken the liberty of referring your letter and enclosure to the Department of Justice for whatever action is believed warranted.

### Sincerely yours,

NATE: Correspondent enclosed literature which is distributed by the Christian Nationalist Crusade. This organization is promoted by who has been investigated in the past for sedition and more recently under the Federal Corrupt Practices Act. In 1949 the Department requested information rethis organization in order to refer the material to the Post Office Department as a possible matter involving illegal use of the mails. On 11-14-51 Attorney with the P. O. Department, talked with and said that the were investigating the Christian Nationalist Crusade and mentioned one pamphlet which alleged



NOTE: (continued)

that former President Roosevelt proposed to divide the world into two parts, one half for the U. S. and one half for Russia. He said they had been working on this matter since a complaint had been received from Mrs. Roosevelt. It appears instant pamphlet is identical with the one mentioned. In June, 1949, the department requested that we furnish them concerning activities of the Christian Nationalist Crusade, as they might desire to refer the matter to the Solicitor General of the Post Office Dept.

Ke

MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT 202 FIFTY-SIXTH STREET WEST NEW YORK 19, N. Y. g).

February 10, 1953

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Do you know who publishes the enclosed and can anything be done about 1t?

Very sincerely yours,

Eleanor Roosevelt

Thanks I At May

# F. D. RESEGREFISHERS

# Stalin and Roosevell plotted with leve Zioniste locky desire World

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### ENSATIONAL AND SEPER SENSATIONAL

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It (Russia) will be a member as the British prime minister made it known to him (Stalln) from Adana in sending him he preliminary place of the directing group in the framework of the council of Europe and of the council of Asia, to which it is entitled, not only by reason of the restensive Inforcontinental situation of the U.S.S.R. but also and especially because of its

And you can assure State

And you seem assure Stally Emy dear Mr. Zabrousky that the U.S.E.R. wolf subction in the discrete by these councils securope and Asia) on the same footing of equality and with an equal voice as member of the high spand England and that it will be a member of the high court that will have to be created to solve the differences existing subund their willow nations; that she (Russia) will pasticinate librates in the respector and preparation of international forces in the armits; and command of the parties will east an incommental council, will act, within each tate accommental council, will act, within each tate accommental council, will act within each tate accommental to the parties of the second of the

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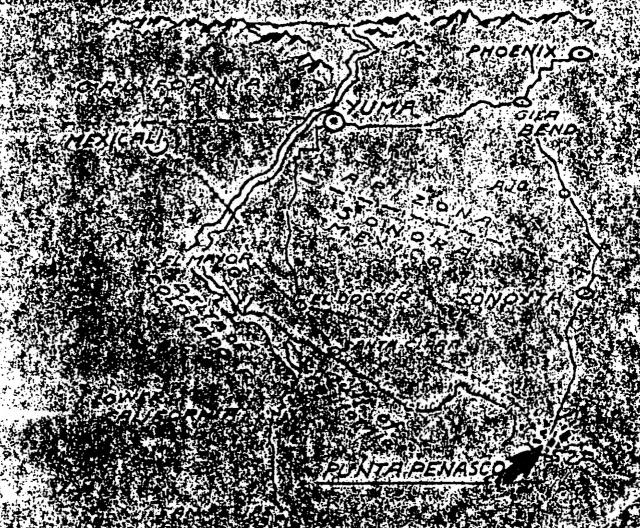
of comprehension and compromise:

# \$6,000,000 SECRET HIDEOUT BUILT FOR ROOSEVELT IN MEXICO.

# Cost More Phan the Restoration of the White House in Washington.

Here are the Facts: On March 14 (1851) there appeared in the Los Angeles Times (believe it or notific partial map of Marico showing a spet known as Punta Penasco. Along with this article were shown pictures of a super palatial fideout which had been secretly built allegedly for Franklin Roosevelt falls paralluxurious appointments, a private air field, secret subways with access to the sea and readily available from every langle to those in passession of the proper information. The Times receipt to it as a language palace, which cost at least \$6,000,000, No satisfactors explanation has been siven commenties the real purpose of this secret hideout.

A logical questy could it be that this was to become the super capital of the Western Hemisphere to be yilled out of FDR has per the proposed agreement contained in the secret correspondence between Rocevelt and Staling



5 34 3318 - 1087x

There remains for Stalin a vast field of expansion in the little countries of Eastern Europe.

Naturally Jone must take into account the rights of those two loval nations. Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia without positing the total recuperation of the ferritories which have been temporarily spatched from great Russia

After having dismembered the Reich and after having reattached various zones to other countries, this creating new nationalities the German danger will be removed from the U.S.B. from Europe and from the entire moridon was a

As for Turkey could count indecatand the decision assurances which Churchill has nd in

ine manufacture de la company de la company

th this ismands; parring subsequent complications, all

It will be necessary thing ive something to France to compensate for her losses in Asia, and also something to Egypt, as has been processed to the Waldstay it will be necessary, too, to give to Spain and to Portugal some compen better: world equilibrium \$ 15.5 Mer. ention for their secrifices and to hring obout a

due a will inevitably claim some vital point as evalthe (United States (like wise b) vicing a some And that a vil be justice

expansion which ship has been

r Kindly-manamit and Stalin, my deard Mr. Zalavosky that for the general good and for the rapid annibitation of the Reich all these things are only general ideas submitted for study—
he will have looyield in the matter of the colonisation of Access, a second constitution of Transmis Section Revise the assurance of my complete sonder benign for my fellowseeing and to be least, a speed the solution of hese broblems.

a that each (section to avident traverse secular)

that end the interview which it propose would present a secured interest. In the several with the grant of the several with the grant of the several with the several of the national countries of that which is the actional countries of that which is the acts test treasure of large fra scroll of the Torah. This letter expects are acceptance of a your locationally all of the major which you preside the expression my gratitude in connection with her bandual given on the occasion of its 31st anniversary

K. Numerous other letters were unearthed but this letter serves to emphasize the villain-character of the operations that were discussed by Stalin and Roosevelt and the Zionist

### Mrs. Roosevelt Criticizes Unveiling of Yalfa Files

TEL AVIV, Israel, Mar. 18 .- she replied: Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt said had been alive.

the State Department disclosures,

"My husband talked with Mr. Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt said today that she was "sure" the Churchill about a great many things and it is possibly true he suggested that Hong Kong—a Yaita Conference would not have great international port—be been published if her husband handed over to China. But I been published if her husband handed over to China. wesn't there and I don't know.

The wartime President's wirlow: "If my husband were alive, I arrived here by air today to am sure it would not have been visit children's institutions in published," she added emphay-lisrael. Asked for comment on ically.

OT RECORDED 138,MAx 25 1955

62-77648-A

Wash. Post and Times Herald

Wash, News

Wash. Star

N. Y. Herald Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

Date. MAR-1 8 1955

MAR 31 1955

# Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: July 26, 1945

FROM

CCN : moc

SUBJECT:

Myers has made numerous telephone calls from his suite, including one on June 23, 1945 to Krs. Anna Eleanor Roosevelt.

It has been noted that the name of HOWARD HUGHES and JOHNNY LEYER have appeared occasionally in local newspaper columns as having been observed in various night clubs in this city.

made available all telephone calls charged to Room 3603 and 3604 over the period June 14, 1945 to June 27, 1945. This is the suite maintained by the subject. It is not possible to determine the identity of the person who made the call in most instances nor is it possible to determine the nature of the call. These calls are being set out as follows:

NUMBER CALLED PERSON OR COMPANY CALLED

DATE CALL MADE

7.

POUGH 959

Anna Eleanor Roosevelt (Non Pub) East June 23, 1945
Park Road, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.

# 3 Texans Are Appointed To Peace Corps Panel

Three Texans were among 33 roads Africa, a program in persons appointed by President which American college stu-Kennedy Thursday to a National dents spend their summer vaca-Advisory Council for the peace tions working on development Vice President Lyndon B. THE BEACH villages.

THE PEACE CORPS is head-Johnson was named chairman ed by Mr Kennedy brother-in-of the council of 26 men and law, R. Sargent priver, and is seven women, the Associated currently in the planning stages. Press reported.

THE OTHER Texans ap-include: pointed are Overa Cu. Hobby, Joseph Seirne, president of the president and editor of The Communications Workers of Houston Post and former secre-America and vice president of tary of health, education and the AFLCO welfare, and Dr George L San- Leroy collins of Washington, chez, chairman of the Depart-DC, president of the National ment of History at the Univer-Association of Broadcasters and sity of Texas and a professor former governor of Florida. of Latin American education studies.

President Kennedy said the ing Trades Council of the CIO-group of outstanding Americans AFL, and a specialist in inter-'will bring to the peace corps'national labor.

They will give the peace corps Co.

those appointed include Mrs' Franklin D. Murphy, Los An-Franklin D. Roosevelt and geles, chancellor of the Univer-David E. Lillienthal, an experi-sity of California at Los Anenced government official who geles. He is a member of the headed the Tennessee Valley U. S. Advisory Commission on Authority and was chairman of Educational Exchange, Departthe U. S. Atomic Energy Com-ment of State. mission.

thal, and one woman - were dent and now on the board of selected to serve as vice chair-directors of the General Federa-men. The other vice chairmen tion of Women's Clubs. are:

Dr Mary Bunting, president er-actor, of Radelille College in Cam- Roger Pevelle, bridge, Mass, and a well known Scripps Institute of Oceanogra-

educator, Thomas J. Watson J. of New The Rev William Stoam Cof-York City, president of the In-ternational Business Machines Tien Crown, Evanston, Ill.

Murray D. Lincoln, Columbus The Rev James Robinson, Ohio, 14stor of the Church of the Frederick R. Mann, Philadel-

Master in New York City, and phia. director of Operations Cross- James Scott, Beverly, NJ.

. Other members of the council

Cornelius J. Haggerty, Los Angeles, president of the Build-

the insight and experience of F. PALMER HOYT, Denver, prominent individuals who are Col, publisher of the Denver interested in the role of the Post, and assistant publisher. United States in world affairs." American Heritage Publishing American Heritage Publishing

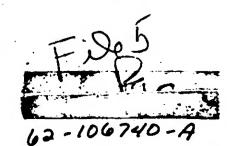
guidance and counsel, he added. Dr James A. McCain, Man-Supreme Court Associate Justhattan, Kan, president of Kan-tice William O. Douglas was se-lected as honorary chairman. President of the Montana State PROMINENT NAMES among University.

MRS E, LEE QZBIRN, Okla-Three men, including Lillien-homa City, international presi-

Hart Scialonte, popular sing-

THE HOUSTON POST ^3<del>-</del>31-61 Houston, Texas

HOUSTON DIVISION



SIDE OF A SIDE

This file further reflects that. of the Ambassador Hotel in New York City, is reported to be doing propaganda work for looking towards stopping the Canadian war effort and to stimulate an isolationist attitude in the United States. Her husband, who is reported to be adviser and secretary to in France, lives expensively and entertains a great deal. Mention was made of the was planning a large cocktail party the fact that week following October 11, 1940, and expected to invite and was making an effort to have Mr. and Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, JR. present; that it was clearly indicated that is anxious to obtain an entry to the family through various lines of approach.

XXX

Radio

□ Teletype

URGENT 4-19-60.

TO DIRECTOR AND SAC NEW YORK

FROM SAC SAN\_JUAN |

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED NATIONS, INC., MEMBER OF WORD, FEDERATION OF UNITED NATIONS ASSOCIATIONS, WHICH IS DESCRIBED AS A RESEARCH AFFILIATE TO THE COMMISSION TO STUDY ORGANIZATION OF PEACE ON APRIL 23, 1960 PUERTO RICO. HOME ADDRESS FOR PARENT ORGANIZATION IS LISTED AS 345 EAST 46TH STREET, NEW YORK, NY. PRESIDENT OF PARENT ORGANIZATION IS LISTED AS AMONG SPONSORS LISTED ARE

AND MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

7/31/56

Miss ADAMS said that she knew both President and Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT for many years. Miss ADAMS claims to be a descendant of Presidents JOHN and JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, and of the historian, JAMES TRUSLOW ADAMS.

65-64009- 2

# THE FBI STORY

A Report to the People

By Don Whitehead

Foreword by J. Edgar Hoover



RANDOM HOUSE · NEW YORK

of social evolution in general, and in the first place, the social evolution of the U.S. . . .

#### And he added:

Browder and his supporters, a revision which is expressed in the concept of a long term class peace in the United States, of the possibility of the suppression of the class struggle in the postwar period and of establishment of harmony between labor and capital.

The voice of Duclos was recognized by the American Communists as the voice of authority. The same men who had supported Browder in the meeting in Studio 11 now turned against him. Browder was voted out as General Secretary and Foster stepped into the Party leadership. The Communist Political Association was tossed aside and e Communist Party of the United States of America was reestablished in July, 1945. The Party was back in business at the old stand.

In gathering intelligence information on the Communists, the FBI was in a position to see how a few Party members could influence the actions of a great number of people merely by being in key positions. An example of this happened in 1943, when the CIO held its national convention in Philadelphia at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel.

FBI agents discovered that the Communist Party had set up headquarters in the St. James Hotel, where a member of the Party's National Committee huddled with the Party faction leaders to determine their strategy and tactics and discuss the CIO's executive board decisions. After the convention's resolutions committee had approved the resolutions to be placed before the delegates, the only existing rough drafts were brought to the Communist Party's command post.

The rough drafts were read to the National Committeeman, who changed the phrasing of some and then gave instructions on the sence in which the resolutions should be presented to the convention order to get the emphasis desired by the Party. After the rough drafts were changed, they were sent to the printers.

The FBI was frequently attacked for making investigations into Communist activities and at times for making loyalty checks at the request of other agencies.

In one case, the story went the rounds in Washington that the FBI had been "caught" investigating Edith B. Helm, social secretary to Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, and Malvina Thompson, Mrs. Roosevelt's personal secretary. And it was added that Mrs. Roosevelt had taken the FBI to task.

The facts in the case were that William H. McReynolds, Secretary

of the Advisory Commission to the Council of National Defense—and a White House secretary—sent a letter to the Attorney General on July 11, 1940, asking for a loyalty check on several persons. Enclosing a list of names, McReynolds wrote:

It is the President's desire, and that of the Commission, that a careful check be made with respect to each individual involved, but particularly those on the first section of the list, for the purpose of making sure that these persons are dependable and justify the trust placed in them . . .

Three months later another list of fifteen names was sent over by McReynolds' assistant with a written request that the FBI "institute an investigation." One of the names on the list was Edith B. Helm. Since the request came from an office in the White House, the check was made.

When the news of the investigation leaked out, criticism was heaped on the FBI. Hoover wrote to Major General Edwin M. Watson, the President's secretary, explaining how the inquiry had developed, and he sent a similar letter to Mrs. Roosevelt. Mrs. Roosevelt replied that she was surprised by the investigation of Mrs. Helm and that someone had been making inquiries about the private affairs of Miss Thompson. "This type of investigation seems to me to smack too much of the Gestapo methods," Mrs. Roosevelt said, "[and] seems to me to show inefficiency on the part of the person who ordered it."

Hoover wrote Mrs. Roosevelt there had been no investigation of Miss Thompson by the FBI and that the FBI had nothing to do with Mrs. Helm's name being on the list received from the White House. He agreed the investigation of Mrs. Helm "indicated inefficiency upon the part of the person who ordered it," but said that the order had not originated with the FBI and the investigation had been handled in routine fashion.

The Helm incident was only a flurry, but it was a small warning of the difficulties and misunderstandings that would develop in the government's investigations of its employees during the Cold War that was to come.

## Memorandum

TO

DATE: June 8, 1960

FROM

SUBJECT: GIBBS JUNIOR COLLEGE ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA

INFORMATION CONCERNING (Central Research Section)

This is to advise I completed as scheduled a commencement address at Gibbs Junior College, St. Petersburg, Florida, on the night of June 2, 1960. Approximately 1,400 to 1,600 people were present. Of this number, perhaps 100 or so were white people. I was introduced by Cody Towler of Tampa who is the head of the Governor's Biracial Committee in Florida and a former president of the American Bar Association. Mr. Fowler was very laudatory of both the FBI and the Director.

Memorandum to
Re: Gibbs Junior College
St. Petersburg, Florida

It was pointed out that the two commencement speakers who preceded me were individuals of national reputation, namely, Branch Rickey and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, and therefore the artificial build up was resorted to. This does not in any way justify such a build up.

This information also contained a list of the loans payable for the Amzie Moore Refinance Project for the year ending December 31, 1960, which is set forth as follows:

"Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc.
"Loans Payable for the Amzie Moore Refinance Project
"Year ended December 31, 1960

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt

Amount Date \$ 100.00 3/18/59

-18-

100-10355 - 96

Date
1960

Subscription Designated Regular

June 9

16

17.

27 Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt
55 East 74th Street, N.Y., N.Y.
100.00

-24 -

Date.
1960
Sübscription Designated Regular.

19 Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt 55 East 74th St., N.Y. 21, N.Y. 100.00 reflected that the annual fund raising party in New York would be held on May 26, 1959, at the Carnegie Foundation Building with Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT acting as chairman.

reflecting that our "New York Committee" would hold a reception at the Delmonics Hotel on May 26, would be the guest of honor and Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT the chairman.

ATICOTO May 25, 1959, furnished an invitation reflecting that the SCEF was sponsoring a reception commencing at 4:00 p.m. May 26, 1959, Crystal Room, Hotel Delmonico, 502 Park Avenue, New York City. Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was listed as chairman

and The

The "New York limes" of May 27, 1959, page 23 column 1, contained an item captioned "Mrs. ROOSEVELT Aids Integration" which reflected that Mrs. ROOSEVELT on May 26, 1959, appealed for support of the pro-integrationist SCEF.

According to this article, she told a fund raising meeting at the Hotel Delmonico that she thought that the SCEF was probably the only organization in the south where people of different colors can work together and appealed to those in attendance to support it both spiritually and financially.

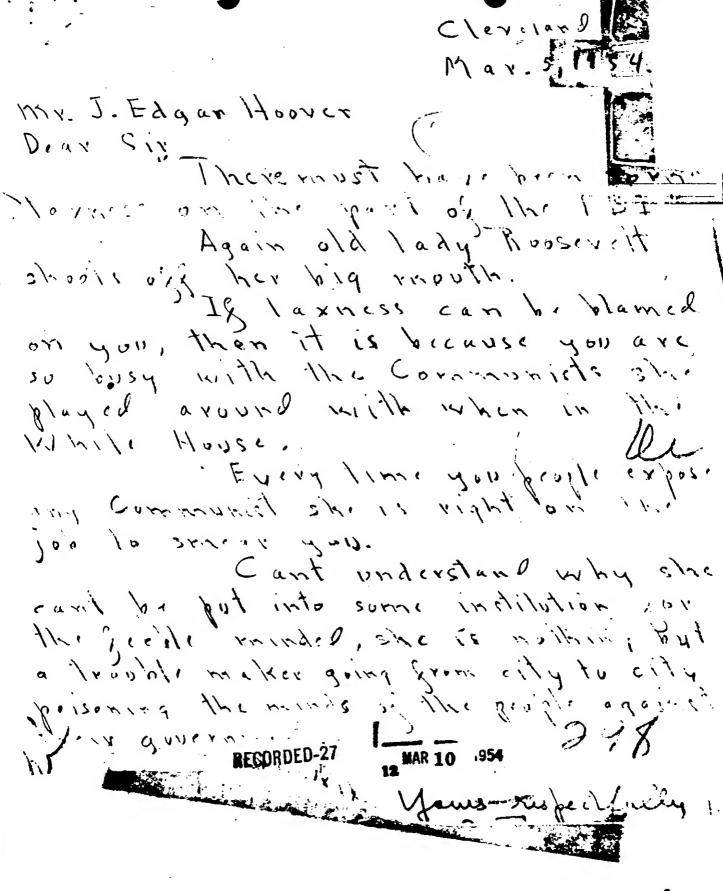
The article concluded noting that HUBERT T. DELANY, former Domestic Relations Justice, appealed for funds and raised more than \$17,260 from the 200 persons present.

The "New York Post" of May 27, 1959, page 18, column 2, contained an item reflecting similar information as that above.

SCUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND , INC.

ing of the SCEF. A preliminary desting was held somewhere this afternoon (1/21/50) with the respectable educators, ministers and others prominent in Mashington and Baltimore who support this organization. Along the names mentioned were:

manes in - for example - lis. P. D. R. and





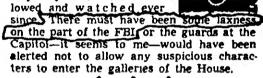
or Hawaii.

The hula is a splendid art in its native abitat, but the stylish stout who comes back

lic will shake its head in the wrong direction as long as Mrs. America shakas that thing ditto.

#### My Day— Eleanor Roosevelt

WASHINGTON: Everyone was shocked here Monday when news came that a group of Puerto Rican terrorists had fired on members of the House. These people belong to the same group that tried to kill President Truman in 1950, and it is difficult to understand why they have not been followed and watched ever



There was an editorial in the Washington Post Tuesday about the executive's responsibility to his party, as regards Sen. Joseph McCarthy and his tactics. It is undoubtedly feit by the Republican Party that an open break with the senator would divide the party and bring political disaster.

There is no question but that it is better

#### Wonders About FBI Laxness on Puerto Rican Fanatics

for a party to be united, but if within the party there is an element which is evidently dangerous to the country it would seem to be essential for that party's future success that they remove that danger which threatens the well being of the country as a whole.

Neither the Republican nor the Democratic Party wins an election by carrying their own party voters alone. Increasingly, year by year, we have had elections in which people moved from support of one party to the other either because of individual candidates or individual issues.

There are a great many people in this group today who look upon the issue posed by McCarthy and what is popularly known as "McCarthyism" as an issue which is concerned with the freedom of individual citizens. In the editorial I mentioned, there are two sentences which should be carefully considered throughout our nation

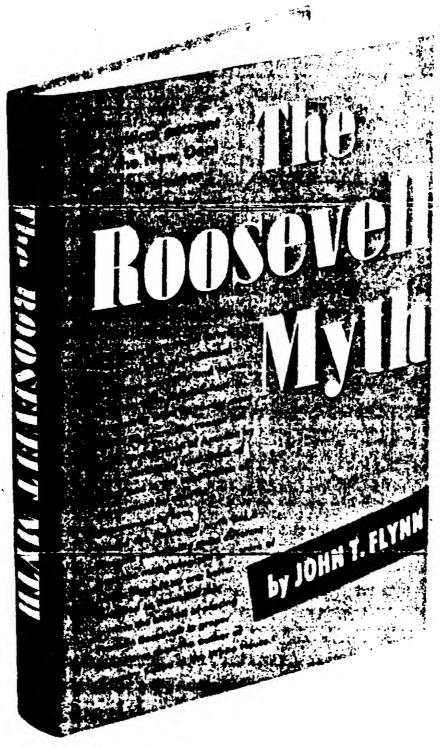
sidered throughout our nation.

They are: ". . . Skillful demagogy has persuaded Americans to fight each other instead of the enemy. In the process American institutions are being sabotaged and American moral fibers snapped."



SECLOSURE,

# After Sixteen Long Years...



In "Country Squire in the White House" he told part . . . NOW he has told THE WHOLE INCREDIBLE STORY

# For the First Time and

This Volume by JOHN T. FLYNN Brings Toget!

About One of the Most Fantastic E

YOU WILL W

How the Communists broke into the New Deal first in 1936, and how Roosevelt demanded of Martin Dies that he stop investigating the Communists—that there was no menace of Communism in America.

How Thereafter Mrs. Roosevelt became the liaison between the New Deal politicians and the Red Front.

The Story of How the Roosevelt family made FIVE MILLION DOLLARS while Roosevel was in the White House.

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The Hectic Comedy of that curious circus of the wild men with their plans for locating everybody on Easy Street, in the chapter on the DANCE OF THE CRACKPOTS.

The First Account of how Roosevelt tried to use the war to destroy the Republican Party in 1940-and nearly succeeded.

The First Full Inside Story of the depression of 1938 as collected from the confessions of the New Dealers themselves, the battles that went on behind the scenes in the White House, when Roosevelt believed he was done for, until the war saved him.